

L. A. W.

SUPREME COURT—THURSDAY.
SIR JAMES BARNES.

BEFORE THE FULL COURT.
PESTON V. MACKAY.
This was a motion for leave reserved and upon notice to set aside a verdict in an action for use and occupation, tried at the Courtroom, Circuit Court, on October 1858, before Chief Justice Sir Alfred Stephen and a jury of four. The defendant had succeeded, and a change of this verdict was now moved for on the ground of misdirection, and that the finding was against evidence.

Mr. Blake appeared in support of the motion, and Mr. Butler in support of the verdict.
The principal question was as to whether there had been such a degree of possession, by defendant, to the plaintiff, as to relieve the former from his liability for rent. It was shown that the key had been cast on plaintiff's premises by defendant, and that plaintiff's family was subsequently in possession. According to defendant the plaintiff was either drunk or labouring under an attack of delirium tremens at the time the key was given up. Plaintiff swore that he was only pretending to be drunk, but had a perfect recollection of what had passed, and remembered nothing about the key. The ruling of the Chief Justice had been that, if there had been a delivery of possession at the time alluded to, the defendant was released from the rent sued for.

The Court sustained the verdict.
REYNOLDS V. CHIFFENDEALE.
This was a motion on leave reserved for the entry of a non suit in an action for trespass tried before Mr. Justice Terry, in 1858. The verdict as it stood was for the plaintiff, and the question placed at issue for the motion was whether the plaintiff had established a right to bring his action for trespass *quasi clamore fregit*. The defendant was a trustee for one Mrs. McKean, and the only evidence to show possession on the part of the plaintiff was possession by one Shea, or Sheehy, who had placed in such possession by the *cestui que trust* Mrs. McKean. The question, therefore, was whether a possession by the nominee of the trustee, or even by the *cestui que trust* herself, could be regarded as a possession by the plaintiff as trustee. The Judge who tried the case (Mr. Justice Terry) had expressed an opinion adverse to plaintiff's right, but in deference to certain authorities cited, he had ordered the entry of a non suit. Mr. Broadhurst, Q.C., and Mr. Isaacs appeared in support of the motion, and Mr. Blake in support of the verdict.

The Court directed the entry of a non suit. There might be many cases in which possession by or through the *cestui que trust* would be a possession by the trustee; but it would be impossible to sustain the present verdict without holding that such a possession would suffice in all cases.

DARLEY V. M'CAHON.
This was a suit by an owner of certain property against a person who had occupied it. The case was tried before Chief Justice Sir Alfred Stephen, and there were many issues raised upon points of breach of covenant, rent, use and occupation, &c.; each party had succeeded upon some of the issues, and had been beaten upon others. Both had been dissatisfied with the verdict, and had asked for a new trial. That which came on first for argument, and upon which the case turned, was a motion by defendant to set aside the verdict which had been obtained, and to have the case for use and occupation, with £10 damages.

Mr. Broadhurst, Q.C., and Mr. Stephen, appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. Fauett for the defendant. There had not only been an agreement to lease this property, but Mr. Broadhurst had been prepared and executed. The plaintiff, however, had retained both lease and counterparty, and having heard something to defendant's disparagement, determined not to give up the property, and he therefore tore off the seals, and regarded the lease as void. But the defendant, who had entered into actual possession of the property—tendered a portion of the rent which would have become due under the lease. Plaintiff refused to receive it, and told defendant that he did not regard him as a tenant, and would not have him as one. His Honor left it to the jury to say upon these facts whether there was evidence of such an agreement, and as to whether the plaintiff's refusal to receive the rent, and his failure to enter into the latter to recover for use and occupation.

The Court sustained the verdict. There was a difference of opinion as to the facts, but their Honors were agreed as to the law. Chief Justice Dickinson thought the balance of evidence went to show an intention on the part of the plaintiff to prevent the defendant from occupying his land upon any terms, although having omitted to demand possession he could not bring the case for use and occupation. The Court thought that the very negotiation of a lease at a given rent showed an intention to demand pecuniary recompense, while the defendant, having not only occupied but held constructive occupation through a third person who paid him rent, brought himself within the obligation to pay for use and occupation. Their Honors were all agreed that the case had been properly left to the jury, and as the jury had decided these facts their verdict could not be disturbed.

The cross motion was not argued.
BUSINESS FOR THIS DAY.

IN BANC— Motion generally, &c. In the matter of the application of Rippon for a prohibition; in the matter of the arbitration between Toogood and Simpson.

DEBENTURES AND SHARE CASES.—Dexter v. Hodgson (debenture); Mort, official assignee, v. Davis (special case); Sutton v. Lintott (debenture); Worms v. Newton (debenture); Abbott v. Lane (special case); Dumaresq v. Robertson (debenture).

INSOLVENCY.—By the Primary Judge (after Insolvency). Motions and Petitions—Jenkins v. Jenkins, P. D. and C.; Osborne v. Esles, hearing on bill and answer; Frazer v. Loftus, motion for Decreeal Order.

APPOINTMENT.—In the matter of J. A. Jack, a lunatic, on state of facts; Street v. Cooper, to settle minutes; Baldwin v. Williams, to settle minutes.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.
BUSINESS FOR THIS DAY.
INTERPLEDERS. (to be taken at half-past nine).—Parsons v. Sparrow, Harbottle v. same, Murray v. Cowell, Cunningham v. Mason and another.

Motions. After which, the remainder of the causes on the list for this month will be taken.

INSOLVENCY COURT.

THURSDAY.
BEFORE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF INSOLVENT ESTATES.

In the estate of John Magoo, a single meeting. Nothing done.
In the estate of Patrick O'Maher, a single meeting. Postponed until the 19th instant.

In the estate of James Mitchell, a single meeting. One debt was proved, and the meeting adjourned until the 19th instant.

In the estate of William Burt, a single meeting. Nothing done.

In the estate of Gabriel Bryant, a single meeting. No creditors were present, and insolvent was allowed by his Honor to retain his household furniture and wearing apparel, upon payment of the Court fees and the costs of the estate.

In the estate of Robert C. Rogers, an adjourned single meeting. Insolvent was allowed his wearing apparel and household furniture, upon payment of expenses.

In the estate of Henry Falconer, a single meeting. Two debts were proved. Insolvent was allowed to retain his household furniture and wearing apparel.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMISSIONER.
Friday, 12th—William Davidson examined on application for certificate, hallooed 10.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.

THURSDAY.
BEFORE THE MAYOR, MR. BATHURST, MR. M. A. COHEN, MR. ROSE, MR. REPER, MR. FIDEN, MR. ASHER.

Eleven persons convicted of having been found drunk in the streets were severally sentenced to pay 10s. or to be imprisoned twenty-four hours. Estate Martin, for having made use of obscene language, was sentenced to pay 20s. or to be imprisoned thirty-eight hours; and a like penalty was imposed upon James, her husband, for interfering with the police to prevent her apprehension. William Johnson, for having made use of obscene language, was sentenced to pay 40s. or to be imprisoned seven days. William James, apprehended on the 2nd instant for drunkenness, appeared before the Court on the 8th instant, and made use of obscene language, was sentenced to pay 20s. or to be imprisoned seven days.

The *Edith* Mrs. BRYAN.—Last evening Mr. W. F. Reid delivered a lecture on "The Advantages of a General Adoption of the Right House System," in the Hall of Temperance. The lecture was very thickly attended.

James Dryer was, on the 5th ultimo, apprehended

by constable M'Kay for careless driving, whereby the safety of one William Sheward was endangered. Defendant said that he could not help it—that it was an accident, caused by the boy's goat running under the horse's feet. William Sheward, eighteen years of age, a cripple, deposed that on the forenoon of Monday fortnight he was proceeding along Sussex-street in a cart drawn by a goat, and defendant, in coming from the opposite direction; when within six or seven yards of the goat, he turned aside, crossing the road in front of defendant's horse, and feeling himself to be in danger, called to defendant to stop; he, however, continued his course, and the consequence was, that the goat and the horse came in contact, he was thrown over, and the wheel of defendant's dray passed over him; defendant was in his dray, but whether he drove with reins could not say; some women screamed to defendant to stop; he was taken up by a woman and taken to a doctor, and from thence was conveyed to the Infirmary, from which establishment he is not yet discharged. Elizabeth Ann Smith, and Emma Hamilton, corroborated the boy's testimony. James Dwyer and James Mullaly, for the defence, deposed that the defendant pulled up, as they thought, as early as he could, and that the occurrence was caused solely by the boy's goat running under the defendant's horse's legs. Their month, at the defendant's guilty, and sentenced him to pay 10s. or to be imprisoned fourteen days.

Henry Brown was charged with having assaulted Mrs. Ann, his wife. Complainant deposed that for some time past her husband had been drinking, and frequently ill-used her; he had worked not afforded her any assistance in the house-keeping for some months past; on Monday last he caught her by the hair, and beat her; he struck her at least a dozen times, being armed with a stick, and his upper lip; she was at length rescued from his violence by a neighbour. Defendant offered no defence. To be imprisoned and kept to hard labour on the public works for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Elizabeth Bowen, an idle and disorderly person, was sentenced to be imprisoned two months.

James Noble pleaded guilty to the offence of stealing a boiler, of the value of 7s., the property of a person named Lyons, and was sentenced to be imprisoned three months.

Elizabeth Schachtel, of York-street, hawker, was brought before the court by inspector Harrison, charged with uttering a forged cheque, with intent to defraud Isaac Lyons. On the examination of Lyons it transpired that the offence, if any, was committed in the early days of December, when the parties were then residents. Their worship discharged the prisoner, having no jurisdiction to inquire into the charge.

An order, by consent, was made for 30s. weekly, in a case of Jones v. Jones, an application for maintenance, under the Deserted Wives' Act.

Abraham Malabar appeared on summons, to answer the information of inspector Read, for having neglected to comply with the order of the court for maintenance of his wife. In November last an order was made by Messrs. Jones and Burdick for the payment of 43 pence weekly, on appeal to the Sessions was reduced to 42 pence weekly, in pursuance of a ruling of the court.

E30 was due on the 29th ultimo, the date of the information. The order having been duly proved, and the service thereof upon defendant's attorney (Mr. Macleod) duly proved, when the court ordered an order on behalf of defendant for the postponement of the trial for a few days, under circumstances of peculiar hardship. He said that about twelve months since Malabar was possessed of a large sum of money in the hands of a broker, named Brown, who, then his attorney, to lend to him, the High Sheriff of the colony, the sum of £1200, taking from him what was said to be (for he can neither read nor write) a promissory note, which was to be paid to him, the sum, with interest; subsequently defendant discovered that Malabar and his wife, in consequence whereof she broke open a box in which he kept his valuables, and that of a considerable sum in money, and title deeds of property; about five months since Malabar was arrested for some purpose or other, and to see the promissory note before referred to, which, when returned, was altered into a promissory note at two years' date. On this Malabar was sworn, and he was being able to realise upon his property, because of the return of the deeds by his wife, and having no claim upon the Sheriff until the maturity of the note. He thought, however, that neither Mr. Brown nor his son would be able to realise upon the note, and he was being able to realise upon his property, because of the return of the deeds by his wife, and having no claim upon the Sheriff until the maturity of the note. He thought, however, that neither Mr. Brown nor his son would be able to realise upon the note, and he was being able to realise upon his property, because of the return of the deeds by his wife, and having no claim upon the Sheriff until the maturity of the note.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

Malabar was ordered to pay the sum of £1200, with interest, and to be imprisoned for three months, with terms to enter into sureties to keep the peace or to be further imprisoned three calendar months.

THE WAR IN TARANAKI.

(From the *Nelson Examiner*, April 4.)

The great anxiety which has been felt during the past week respecting the state of affairs at Taranaki, was relieved to a considerable extent last night, when the arrival of the *Airedale*, from which we may now fairly deduce the state of affairs, together with a first instalment of the news which have been accepted outside, and are now entrusted to our care. She brings intelligence of a most gallant action fought last Wednesday by the volunteers, militia, and a party of sea-landed men against a force of Maori warriors, when fourfold. The result of this has been to produce a good moral effect, and so much confidence in their strength and ability to hold their ground, that many turned back from the beach expressing their full determination to share all risks with those who knew so well how to defend them. We recall particular attention to the letter below, containing a sketch of the war, and written by an eye-witness of the engagement, fought in presence of a military force, which halted about three-quarters of a mile from the shore, and marched back to the town whilst it was still being hotly contested. We can fancy the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration of the gallant fellows' feelings as they turned their backs on their countrymen, with the realization of the fact, that very early, in obedience to the stern necessities of military discipline and obedience. We heartily trust that we are not going to have another illustration

MORT and CO. will sell by public auction at the Sale Yards, Parramatta Station, **MONDAY, 16th April, at 11 o'clock precisely,** 1500 prime fat weathers.

Terms, cash.

NOTE. The above stock are of the well-known at Wellington, the property of J. W. Chisholm, Esq. and are splendid condition.

MARKED DISTRICT.

These well-known and first-class Pastoral Properties, **BURNINGA**, situate in the district of Maitland, together with

12,500 SHEEP, more or less
50 HORSES, ditto
60 HEAD OF CATTLE, ditto.

TERMS.—One-fourth cash, the residue by approval at 6, 12, and 24 months, with bank discount secured upon the property.

MORT and CO. have been instructed by **DONALD GUNN, Esq.** to sell by auction, at the Sale Yards, Parramatta Station, **TUESDAY, 17th APRIL,**

that first-class pastoral property, situated about 60 MILES from the shipping port of TWOPOLD BAY, 50 MILES from MARIKAKA and 60 MILES from the SNOWY MOUNTAIN DIGGINGS. The road from the shipping ports to the diggings through a portion of the purchased land attached run, opposite to William Bradley, Esq.'s celebrated of Burke. The country consists of fine undulating downs, a forest land, watered by two rivers, and seven lakes, which three-quarters of a mile in length. THE LAND IS FULLY STOKED with a first-class sheep and in addition to every requisite for working the land include all the essentials for the establishment of a man's family. They are a well-furnished dwelling-house, a superior brick building, a dwelling-house, nearly a kitchen, stores, and out-buildings. A large barn, with iron roof. Stockyard, milking shed. Three huts for labourers. Woolshed, with lever press. An elegantly laid out flower garden. Also, kitchen garden, and two cultivated paddocks. The dwelling-house, improvements, &c., &c.,

Seven out-stations, with 1 mile, all of which are in rate repair, several of them having been newly covered with shingled roofs and glazed windows.

With the BURNHAM station will be sold the following stock:—

	SHEEP.
Wethers, 18 months, 1402	
Ditto, 2 to 4 years, 2476	
Ditto, weaners, 1300	
Barn, 18 months, 1467	
Ditto, 2 and 3 years, 1930	
Ditto, 6 years, 2397	
Ditto, over 6 years, 315	
Ditto, weaners, 1362	

12,305 sheep, more or less.

WARRANTED SOUND.

60 HEAD OF QUIET CATTLE, consisting of milking cows and their increase.

About 60 head of horses, 17 of which are broken saddie and harness.

Twenty working-bullocks, two bullock drays, dray, stores, implements, &c.; also, 700 acres of **GLASSED LAND**, securing all the valuable improvements of the present century, being well and favourably known. It has been worked by the proprietor more than eight years, and has proved to him most remunerative. It is now in the market solely in consequence of his wishing to leave this colony on account of health.

To parties desirous of investing in squattling property, particularly invited, MORE and CUMBERLAND considered it will prove **MOST VALUABLE REMUNERATIVE.**

Fat Cattle, Kags Butter, Poultry, Eggs, &c.
Weekly Y Produce Sale, Railway Terminus.

THOMAS DAWSON will sell by auction **TUESDAY, Friday, 13th instant, at 10 o'clock** the usual variety of colonial produce, consisting of Prime fat calves, kags butter, poultry, &c. &c.

Butchers. Butchers. Butchers.

M. R. W. FULLAGAR has received instructions from Messrs. Dangar, Gilchrist & Co., to sell at his Yards, Westmoreland, on **MONDAY, the 16th April, at 12 o'clock** 120 head of prime fat sheep, in lots to suit purchasers.

Butchers. Butchers. Butchers.

M. R. W. FULLAGAR has received instructions from Mr. James Brady to sell, Yards, Western Road, on **MONDAY** next, the 16th at 1400 prime fat wethers, in lots to suit purchasers.
Campbelltown.

MR. JOHN SHEA has received instruction to sell by auction, at the Butcher's Arms, Campbelltown, on **TUESDAY** next, April 17th, A team of eight first-class working bullocks, with bows, yokes, and chains. This team is considered to be the best in the district.
Terms, cash, and no reserve.
Sale at 4 o'clock.

Under Distraint for Rent.
WINGATE V. COBBAN.

MR. J. T. ROWTHORN has received instructions to sell by public auction, **DAY**, the 13th instant, at 12 o'clock sharp, Cobban's, Box Hill, Windsor Road,
34 head of horses, broken and unbroken
34 head of steers and
9 working bullocks, 2 bulls
35 head of milch cows, 2 stocks hay
1 day, 1 cart, 1 horse, and harness
6 sets of harness, lot of pigs
2 ploughs, 1 harrow, lot of straw
And a great quantity of household furniture.
Terms, cash. No reserve.

On **TUESDAY**, the 24th day of April,
NOTICE OF SALE.
SOUTHERN AUSTRALIA.
MINEHAIL, AGRICULTURAL AND PASTORAL PROPERTY.
PRINCESS ROYAL MINING COMPANY

Copper Mines, and forming one half of the S.A. Special Survey of 20,000 Acres—the northern being held by the South Australian Mining Act, and containing the celebrated Burra Mines.

To be sold by public auction, by order of the Trustees, for Sale at Land Mart, Adelaide, on TUESDAY, the 24th April, 1860.

SOUTHERN HALF OF THE BURRA CREEK SPECIAL SURVEY OF 20,000 ACRES.

During the short time the Works of the Princess Mining Company were prosecuted, 450 tons nett of iron ore were raised.

Several mineral lodes were tested at various places, to-wit:

JONES'S LODGE
JONES'S LODGE
IRON LODGE
BAXTER'S LODGE
GREAT WESTERN LODGE.

The copper ore raised of rich quality, averaging 27 per cent. produce, and the quantity obtained as realised £2000 NETT VALUE.

Besides the mineral value of the property, a large tract of land is cultivated and pastured, and numerous, and there are several eligible sites for a town.

THE BURRA CREEK runs through the whole of the property, and affords an UNFAILING SUPPLY OF WATER.

There is also several surface springs of water.

The Northern Railway will leave about forty ordinary carriages between the PRINCESS OF WALES Railway and the BURRA CREEK, and extension of the Railway Line to the BURRA CREEK is contemplated.

Further information, and full particulars, may be obtained of the Trustees, and descriptions of the plans carried on by the Company, may be seen at the office of the Trustees, at the Land Mart, Adelaide.

ON SATURDAY NEXT, the 14th instant, at noon, at the residence of the defendant, Cleveland-street, Refrers, near Sydney, the same will be previously assigned, the **SHERIFF** will come to the residence of the defendant, and take possession of a quantity of household furniture, etc.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales.
Sheriff's Office, Sydney, 11th April, 1891.
BURNELL V. NEWBORN.

ON MONDAY, the 16th instant, at noon, the defendant's premises, near Lane Cove, between the execution be satisfied, the **SHERIFF** will be required to take possession of the same.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales.
Sheriff's Office, 12th April, 1891.
THALE AND ANOTHER V. MORRIS.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

PARRAMATTA.

carried by the different denominations is facing the ground and turning a swivel on the spot for the pastor. But it is a bad motion. Before proceeding to the appointment of churchwardens, Mr. Staff, in a lengthy speech complained of the manner in which funds arising from the offertory had been, on one occasion, appropriated to the purchase of a new carpet for the vestry. Mr. Smithfield, was replied to by the Rev. R. L. King and Mr. Rowling, when the subject dropped. Mr. Watkins was elected trustees' churchwarden, Mr. Nowling as parishioners', and Mr. Dare was again appointed clerk. The Rev. R. L. King then proposed that the B. R. for his diocesan services. Mr. Jones said that the clerk's desk was in an improper position and moved that it be placed in front of the reading desk, wishing to know the reasons why the clerk was not always in the vestry. The Rev. R. L. King explained that at his request, the clerk was

by hundreds assist him in driving his flock, and pointed out the best spots for herding his sheep.

WILKINSON MEETING.—A public meeting, called for the purpose of giving a welcome to the Rev. W. H. Hessel on the occasion of commencing his ministerial duties at Woolloomoolloo, was held in the Wesleyan chapel, Dowling-street, yesterday evening. The attendance was so numerous, the chapel being comfortably full. The meeting was opened with singing and prayer, after which Mr. W. Love, in accordance with previous arrangements, took the chair. Having offered a few appropriate remarks, he then introduced the Rev. Hessel to address the meeting. Subsequently the meeting was addressed by the Rev. W. Hessel; also by Messrs. Garrick and Abbott. Sacred anthems were sung by the choir at intervals during the evening.

offer. No one disputes the great advantages of

The Chamber of Commerce states that it is now receiving a large number of letters and despatches to and from Galle with a quicker communication with Australia and India. One of the Calcutta steamers arrives at Galle from Calcutta on the 17th; the Australian steamer must be there at the same time. The London mail steamer, the *Thames*, will arrive at Galle on the 19th, leaving the Galle on that day for Mauritius, and making the passage in 10 days, will bring us news from Calcutta in 21 days; Melbourne 32 days; London, 40 days. It must be borne in mind that the cable communication is not yet established, and that although we may receive news from Melbourne in the same time, by accident it may be left for many weeks without intelligence. It is the regularity which is so justly said to be the primary by commercial men, and would be regarded as a recommendation to Ceylon is the next improvement in our postal service.

we have

offer. No one disputes the great advantages of

The Chamber of Commerce states that it is now receiving a large number of letters and despatches to and from Galle with a quicker communication with Australia and India. One of the Calcutta steamers arrives at Galle from Calcutta on the 17th; the Australian steamer must be there at the same time. The London mail steamer, the *Thames*, will be there on the 18th, making the passage in 10 days, thus bringing us news from Calcutta in 21 days; Melbourne 32 days; London, 40 days. It must be borne in mind that the cable communication is not yet established, although it is, although we may receive news from Melbourne in the same time, by accident it may be left for many weeks without intelligence. It is the regularity which is so justly said to be the primary by commercial men, and would be regarded as a recommendation to Ceylon is the next improvement in our postal service.

Thursday Evening.

The *Age* of the 9th gives the following statement of the markets:—

We have Adelaide papers to the tit instant.
The Register of the 3rd reports—
The Star and what various papers from, but surely any
the Star has been done there. Prices are fully equal to our last
edition, namely, 5s and 6d and 7d for the large parcels delivered
at the post.
From Wellington, New Zealand, we have
papers to the 31st of March. From the Wel-
lington edition of the 30th we take the
following:—
We regret being unable to report much improvement in com-
merce during the present month, and perhaps in the far
future. The *Commercial Directory* portion, however, was considerably
improved, but they have been in the list six months, but there
is no prospect of their being removed to the purchase section
except that they are actually in immediate want of. At the 15th

at rates which will not cover
failures have taken place.

persons so affected. About three in every

will put fire on the most reasonable
part and carry away, old glass, broken
china, crockery, tin, brass, bottles, whiskey, cherry
wood straw, Jamaica rum, raspberry brandy, ginger
bread, and Hennessey's brandies.

THE FIREPROOF SAFES, &c.—The under-
signed, has a large stock of safes, for
fire, and burglar proof, and has the pro-
prietor's license to be above others in fire and theft pro-
perties, boxes, locks, &c. For prices, drawings, &c.,
see W. H. HARRIS, 14/Comptrol's Office.

TOILETTES—Sewing Machines, with filters,
and all the latest fashions in
TOILETTES. GRIFITHS, 354, George-street,
Liverpool-street.

CHAIRPUMPERS AND BUILDERS.—Last Two
months before the Sale of carpenter's tools and
ironmongery, will be SOLD at cost price during
the month of August. This is an opportunity
for the public to get what is in want of goods
at a low price. For prices, drawings, &c.,
see P. EDWARDS, No. 509, 518 and 630,
Liverpool-street.

ARNESSES and SERVANTS H
respectable and comfortable accommo-

AN, auctioneer, &c., 91, Elizabeth-street
Westminster-Place.

Y MORNING HERALD—
Subscription, \$2a. per quart.
CLASS TERMS OF ADVERTISING:
1st—10 words One shilling.
2nd—20 or 30 words Two shillings.
3rd—40 or 45 words Three shillings.
4th—50 or 60 words Four shillings.
5th—70 words per line Five shillings.
6th—80 words per line Six shillings.
7th—90 words per line Seven shillings.
8th—100 words per line Eight shillings.
9th—120 words per line Nine shillings.
10th—140 words per line Ten shillings.
11th—160 words per line Eleven shillings.
12th—180 words per line Twelve shillings.
13th—200 words per line Thirteen shillings.
14th—220 words per line Fourteen shillings.
15th—240 words per line Fifteen shillings.
16th—260 words per line Sixteen shillings.
17th—280 words per line Seventeen shillings.
18th—300 words per line Eighteen shillings.
19th—320 words per line Nineteen shillings.
20th—340 words per line Twenty shillings.
21st—360 words per line Twenty-one shillings.
22nd—380 words per line Twenty-two shillings.
23rd—400 words per line Twenty-three shillings.
24th—420 words per line Twenty-four shillings.
25th—440 words per line Twenty-five shillings.
26th—460 words per line Twenty-six shillings.
27th—480 words per line Twenty-seven shillings.
28th—500 words per line Twenty-eight shillings.
29th—520 words per line Twenty-nine shillings.
30th—540 words per line Thirty shillings.
31st—560 words per line Thirty-one shillings.
32nd—580 words per line Thirty-two shillings.
33rd—600 words per line Thirty-three shillings.
34th—620 words per line Thirty-four shillings.
35th—640 words per line Thirty-five shillings.
36th—660 words per line Thirty-six shillings.
37th—680 words per line Thirty-seven shillings.
38th—700 words per line Thirty-eight shillings.
39th—720 words per line Thirty-nine shillings.
40th—740 words per line Forty shillings.
41st—760 words per line Forty-one shillings.
42nd—780 words per line Forty-two shillings.
43rd—800 words per line Forty-three shillings.
44th—820 words per line Forty-four shillings.
45th—840 words per line Forty-five shillings.
46th—860 words per line Forty-six shillings.
47th—880 words per line Forty-seven shillings.
48th—900 words per line Forty-eight shillings.
49th—920 words per line Forty-nine shillings.
50th—940 words per line Fifty shillings.
51st—960 words per line Fifty-one shillings.
52nd—980 words per line Fifty-two shillings.
53rd—1000 words per line Fifty-three shillings.
54th—1020 words per line Fifty-four shillings.
55th—1040 words per line Fifty-five shillings.
56th—1060 words per line Fifty-six shillings.
57th—1080 words per line Fifty-seven shillings.
58th—1100 words per line Fifty-eight shillings.
59th—1120 words per line Fifty-nine shillings.
60th—1140 words per line Sixty shillings.
61st—1160 words per line Sixty-one shillings.
62nd—1180 words per line Sixty-two shillings.
63rd—1200 words per line Sixty-three shillings.
64th—1220 words per line Sixty-four shillings.
65th—1240 words per line Sixty-five shillings.
66th—1260 words per line Sixty-six shillings.
67th—1280 words per line Sixty-seven shillings.
68th—1300 words per line Sixty-eight shillings.
69th—1320 words per line Sixty-nine shillings.
70th—1340 words per line Seventy shillings.
71st—1360 words per line Seventy-one shillings.
72nd—1380 words per line Seventy-two shillings.
73rd—1400 words per line Seventy-three shillings.
74th—1420 words per line Seventy-four shillings.
75th—1440 words per line Seventy-five shillings.
76th—1460 words per line Seventy-six shillings.
77th—1480 words per line Seventy-seven shillings.
78th—1500 words per line Seventy-eight shillings.
79th—1520 words per line Seventy-nine shillings.
80th—1540 words per line Eighty shillings.
81st—1560 words per line Eighty-one shillings.
82nd—1580 words per line Eighty-two shillings.
83rd—1600 words per line Eighty-three shillings.
84th—1620 words per line Eighty-four shillings.
85th—1640 words per line Eighty-five shillings.
86th—1660 words per line Eighty-six shillings.
87th—1680 words per line Eighty-seven shillings.
88th—1700 words per line Eighty-eight shillings.
89th—1720 words per line Eighty-nine shillings.
90th—1740 words per line Ninety shillings.
91st—1760 words per line Ninety-one shillings.
92nd—1780 words per line Ninety-two shillings.
93rd—1800 words per line Ninety-three shillings.
94th—1820 words per line Ninety-four shillings.
95th—1840 words per line Ninety-five shillings.
96th—1860 words per line Ninety-six shillings.
97th—1880 words per line Ninety-seven shillings.
98th—1900 words per line Ninety-eight shillings.
99th—1920 words per line Ninety-nine shillings.
100th—1940 words per line One hundred shillings.
101st—1960 words per line One hundred and one shillings.
102nd—1980 words per line One hundred and two shillings.
103rd—2000 words per line One hundred and three shillings.
104th—2020 words per line One hundred and four shillings.
105th—2040 words per line One hundred and five shillings.
106th—2060 words per line One hundred and six shillings.
107th—2080 words per line One hundred and seven shillings.
108th—2100 words per line One hundred and eight shillings.
109th—2120 words per line One hundred and nine shillings.
110th—2140 words per line One hundred and ten shillings.
111th—2160 words per line One hundred and eleven shillings.
112th—2180 words per line One hundred and twelve shillings.
113th—2200 words per line One hundred and thirteen shillings.
114th—2220 words per line One hundred and fourteen shillings.
115th—2240 words per line One hundred and fifteen shillings.
116th—2260 words per line One hundred and sixteen shillings.
117th—2280 words per line One hundred and seventeen shillings.
118th—2300 words per line One hundred and eighteen shillings.
119th—2320 words per line One hundred and nineteen shillings.
120th—2340 words per line One hundred and twenty shillings.
121st—2360 words per line One hundred and twenty-one shillings.
122nd—2380 words per line One hundred and twenty-two shillings.
123rd—2400 words per line One hundred and twenty-three shillings.
124th—2420 words per line One hundred and twenty-four shillings.
125th—2440 words per line One hundred and twenty-five shillings.
126th—2460 words per line One hundred and twenty-six shillings.
127th—2480 words per line One hundred and twenty-seven shillings.
128th—2500 words per line One hundred and twenty-eight shillings.
129th—2520 words per line One hundred and twenty-nine shillings.
130th—2540 words per line One hundred and thirty shillings.
131st—2560 words per line One hundred and thirty-one shillings.
132nd—2580 words per line One hundred and thirty-two shillings.
133rd—2600 words per line One hundred and thirty-three shillings.
134th—2620 words per line One hundred and thirty-four shillings.
135th—2640 words per line One hundred and thirty-five shillings.
136th—2660 words per line One hundred and thirty-six shillings.
137th—2680 words per line One hundred and thirty-seven shillings.
138th—2700 words per line One hundred and thirty-eight shillings.
139th—2720 words per line One hundred and thirty-nine shillings.
140th—2740 words per line One hundred and forty shillings.
141st—2760 words per line One hundred and forty-one shillings.
142nd—2780 words per line One hundred and forty-two shillings.
143rd—2800 words per line One hundred and forty-three shillings.
144th—2820 words per line One hundred and forty-four shillings.
145th—2840 words per line One hundred and forty-five shillings.
146th—2860 words per line One hundred and forty-six shillings.
147th—2880 words per line One hundred and forty-seven shillings.
148th—2900 words per line One hundred and forty-eight shillings.
149th—2920 words per line One hundred and forty-nine shillings.
150th—2940 words per line One hundred and fifty shillings.
151st—2960 words per line One hundred and fifty-one shillings.
152nd—2980 words per line One hundred and fifty-two shillings.
153rd—3000 words per line One hundred and fifty-three shillings.
154th—3020 words per line One hundred and fifty-four shillings.
155th—3040 words per line One hundred and fifty-five shillings.
156th—3060 words per line One hundred and fifty-six shillings.
157th—3080 words per line One hundred and fifty-seven shillings.
158th—3100 words per line One hundred and fifty-eight shillings.
159th—3120 words per line One hundred and fifty-nine shillings.
160th—3140 words per line One hundred and sixty shillings.
161st—3160 words per line One hundred and sixty-one shillings.
162nd—3180 words per line One hundred and sixty-two shillings.
163rd—3200 words per line One hundred and sixty-three shillings.
164th—3220 words per line One hundred and sixty-four shillings.
165th—3240 words per line One hundred and sixty-five shillings.
166th—3260 words per line One hundred and sixty-six shillings.
167th—3280 words per line One hundred and sixty-seven shillings.
168th—3300 words per line One hundred and sixty-eight shillings.
169th—3320 words per line One hundred and sixty-nine shillings.
170th—3340 words per line One hundred and seventy shillings.
171st—3360 words per line One hundred and seventy-one shillings.
172nd—3380 words per line One hundred and seventy-two shillings.
173rd—3400 words per line One hundred and seventy-three shillings.
174th—3420 words per line One hundred and seventy-four shillings.
175th—3440 words per line One hundred and seventy-five shillings.
176th—3460 words per line One hundred and seventy-six shillings.
177th—3480 words per line One hundred and seventy-seven shillings.
178th—3500 words per line One hundred and seventy-eight shillings.
179th—3520 words per line One hundred and seventy-nine shillings.
180th—3540 words per line One hundred and eighty shillings.
181st—3560 words per line One hundred and eighty-one shillings.
182nd—3580 words per line One hundred and eighty-two shillings.
183rd—3600 words per line One hundred and eighty-three shillings.
184th—3620 words per line One hundred and eighty-four shillings.
185th—3640 words per line One hundred and eighty-five shillings.
186th—3660 words per line One hundred and eighty-six shillings.
187th—3680 words per line One hundred and eighty-seven shillings.
188th—3700 words per line One hundred and eighty-eight shillings.
189th—3720 words per line One hundred and eighty-nine shillings